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## PKA $\alpha/\beta/\gamma$ cat Polyclonal Antibody

| Catalog No         | YP-Ab-14928   |
|--------------------|---|
| Isotype            | IgG   |
| Reactivity         | Human;Mouse;Rat;Pig   |
| Applications       | WB;IHC;IF;ELISA   |
| Gene Name          | PRKACA/PRKACB   |
| Protein Name       | cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha/beta  |
| Immunogen          | The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human PKA alpha/beta CAT. AA range:166-215  |
| Specificity        | PKA $\alpha/\beta/\gamma$ cat Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PKA $\alpha/\beta/\gamma$ cat protein.   |
| Formulation        | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.   |
| Source             | Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG  |
| Purification       | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.   |
| Dilution           | Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.<br>Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other<br>applications.  |
| Concentration      | 1 mg/ml   |
| Purity             | ≥90%  |
| Storage Stability  | -20°C/1 year  |
| Synonyms           | PRKACA; PKACA; cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha; PKA<br>C-alpha; PRKACB; cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit beta; PKA<br>C-beta; PRKACG; cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit gamma; PKA<br>C-gamma  |
| Observed Band      | 40kD  |
| Cell Pathway       | Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Nucleus . Mitochondrion . Membrane ; Lipid-anchor . Translocates into the nucleus (monomeric catalytic subunit). The inactive holoenzyme is found in the cytoplasm. Distributed throughout the cytoplasm in meiotically incompetent oocytes. Associated to mitochondrion as meiotic competence is acquired. Aggregates around the germinal vesicles (GV) at the immature GV stage oocytes (By similarity). Colocalizes with HSF1 in nuclear stress bodies (nSBs) upon heat shock (PubMed:21085490); [Isoform 2]: Cell projection, cilium, flagellum . Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle, acrosome . Expressed in the midpiece region of the sperm flagellum (PubMed:10906071). Colocalizes with MROH2B and TCP11 on the acrosome and tail regions in round spermatids and spermatozoa regardle |
| Tissue Specificity | Isoform 1 is ubiquitous. Isoform 2 is sperm-specific and is enriched in pachytene spermatocytes but is not detected in round spermatids.  |



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| Function                     | catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,enzyme<br>regulation:Activated by cAMP.,function:Phosphorylates a large number of<br>substrates in the cytoplasm and the nucleus.,PTM:Asn-3 is partially deaminated<br>to Asp giving rise to 2 major isoelectric variants, called CB and CA<br>respectively.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase<br>superfamily.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. AGC Ser/Thr<br>protein kinase family. cAMP subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 AGC-kinase<br>C-terminal domain.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,subcellular<br>location:Translocates into the nucleus (monomeric catalytic subunit) (By<br>similarity). The inactive holoenzyme is found in the cytoplasm.,subunit:A number<br>of inactive tetrameric holoenzymes are produced by the combination of homo- or<br>heterodimers of the different regulatory subunits associated with two catalytic<br>subunits. cAMP ca |
|------------------------------|--|
| Background                   | This gene encodes one of the catalytic subunits of protein kinase A, which exists<br>as a tetrameric holoenzyme with two regulatory subunits and two catalytic<br>subunits, in its inactive form. cAMP causes the dissociation of the inactive<br>holoenzyme into a dimer of regulatory subunits bound to four cAMP and two free<br>monomeric catalytic subunits. Four different regulatory subunits and three<br>catalytic subunits have been identified in humans. cAMP-dependent<br>phosphorylation of proteins by protein kinase A is important to many cellular<br>processes, including differentiation, proliferation, and apoptosis. Constitutive<br>activation of this gene caused either by somatic mutations, or genomic<br>duplications of regions that include this gene, have been associated with<br>hyperplasias and adenomas of the adrenal cortex and are linked to<br>corticotropin-independent Cushing's syndrome. Altern                             |
| matters needing<br>attention | Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!   |
| Usage suggestions            | This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.  |

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## **Products Images**



Sun, Xiao-Dong, et al. "Regulation of the firing activity by PKA-PKC-Src family kinases in cultured neurons of hypothalamic arcuate nucleus." Journal of neuroscience research 98.2 (2020): 384-403.



Immunofluorescence analysis of Hela cell. 1,PKAα/β/γ cat Polyclonal Antibody(green) was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Goat Anti Rabbit Alexa Fluor 488 Catalog:RS3211 was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature, 50min). 3 DAPI(blue) 10min.



Tubulin β PKAα/β/γ Western blot analysis of lysates from 1) 22RV1, 2) Hela , 3) COLO205 cells, (Green) primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4°over night, secondary antibody(cat:RS23920)was diluted at 1:10000, 37° 1hour. (Red) Tubulin  $\beta$  Monoclonal Antibody(5G3) (cat:YM3030) antibody was diluted at 1:5000 as loading control, 4° over night, secondary antibody(cat:RS23710)was diluted at 1:10000, 37° 1hour.



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